

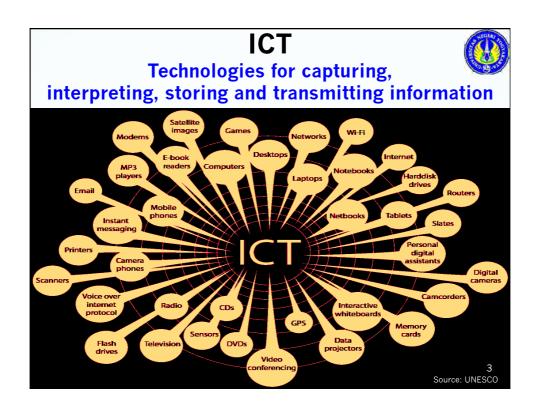
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The International Seminar on ICT for Education 2012 Yogyakarta State University, Indonesia 15 April 2012

Content



- ICT in Education
- ICT Integration
- Web 2.0 and social networks
- Stats about FB
- E-learning
- Blended Learning



Scope of ICT in Education



- ICT as a subject
- ICT as a tool to innovate teaching-learning practice
- ICT as a productivity tool
- ICT as an administrative tool
- ICT as an expanding learning opportunity

Realities of ICT in Indonesian Schools



- 1. ICTs equipment are not used appropriately (no electricity, no skills, not enough)
- 2. Students use ICTs outside schools to play games, but teachers not use it in classrooms
- Teachers grown from noninformation society, students born as ICT Natives



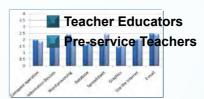




Realities of ICT in Indonesian Schools



- 4 Teachers and lecturers are lack of ICT competency
- 5 Teachers prepared by teacher centered approach have to teach with student centered pedagogy





Challenges



Teachers need to prepare students with 21st century skills includes:

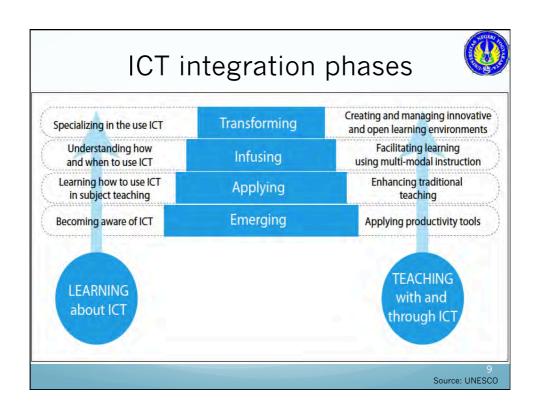
- Information literacy skills
- Media literacy skills
- ICT skills
- Creativity and innovation skills
- Critical thinking and problem solving skills
- Communication and collaboration skills
- Flexibility and adaptability skills

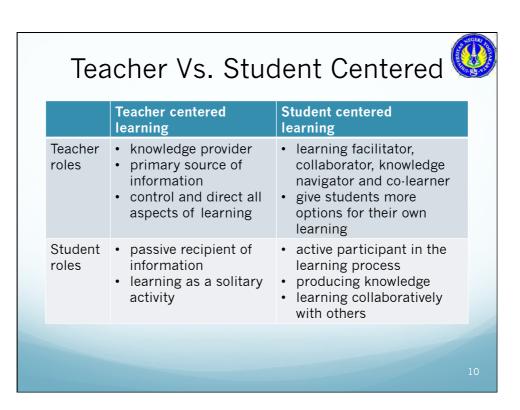
HOW?

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ICT Integration







Web 2.0 and social networks

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Technology to support BL



• ICT → Internet → Web 2.0

What is web 2.0?

- A Web 2.0 site allows users to interact and collaborate with each other on user-generated content in a virtual community.
- Examples of Web 2.0 include social networking sites, LMS, blogs, wikis, video sharing sites, hosted services, web applications, etc.

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Web 2.0 in Education

- Online identity is like a professional resume or eportfolio
- Share interests and collaborate on challenges
- Facilitate and participate in discussion forums
- Easily upload resources such as photos, audio, video, and curriculum
- Create event calendars for students and parents
- Chats can provide immediate feedback and assistance



Why Use Web 2.0



- Works with all platform
- No software purchases or downloads
- Available anywhere, anytime
- Ease of Integration in the classroom
- More student interactivity
- Engage student learning
- Improve student achievement

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Disadvantages



- Internet may be down when you need to use this
- Often cannot save to a local computer
- Correctness of information
- Privacy issues

What is Social Networking?



- An online service, platform, or site that focuses on building and reflecting of social networks or social relations among people, e.g., who share interests and/or activities.
- A social network service essentially consists of a representation of each user (often a profile), his/ her social links, and a variety of additional services.
- Social networking sites allow users to share ideas, activities, events, and interests within their individual networks.

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Potential of Social Networks



- New opportunity for learning
- Empower students with ICT tools to construct, present, reflect, collaborate
- Engage students in learning and interaction
- Facilitate network between students within the course and with outside field









Opportunities



- Almost 60% of students who use social networking talk about education topics online
 - More than 50% talk specifically about school work

-National School Boards Association, 2009

- Most popular reasons for belonging to a social network
 - 1st most cited: Learn new things
 - 2nd most cited: Do homework together with friends
 - Social networking from a teens' perspective, Terry Freedman, 2007

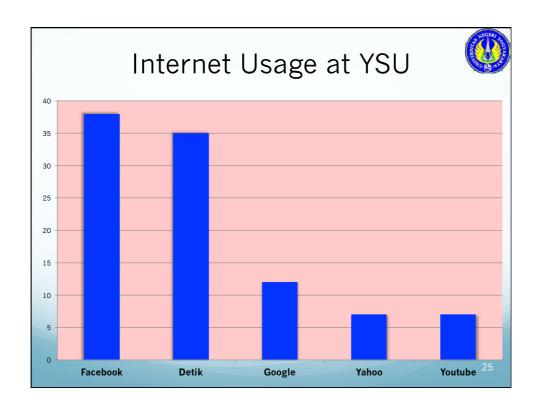
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Stats about FB

ASTA	INTERNE	T USAGE	AND POPI	TAT	ION
ASIA	Population (2011 Est.)	Internet Users, Latest Data	Penetration (% Population)	Users % Asia	Facebook Subscribers
China *	1,336,718,015,	485,000,000	36.3 %	52.0 %	504,660
Georgia	4,585,874,	1,300,000	28.3 %	0.1 %	630,840
Hong Kong *	7,122,508,	4,878,713	68.5 %	0.5 %	3,748,580
India	1,189,172,906,	100,000,000	8.4 %	10.7 %	29,475,740
Indonesia	245,613,043,	39,600,000	16.1 %	4.2 %	38,860,460
Japan	126,475,664,	99,182,000	78.4 %	10.6 %	3,812,460
Malaysia	28,728,607,	16,902,600	58.8 %	1.8 %	11,221,040
Pakistan	187,342,721,	20,431,000	10.9 %	2.2 %	4,795,200
Philippines	101,833,938,	29,700,000	29.2 %	3.2 %	25,307,800
Singapore	4,740,737,	3,658,400	77.2 %	0.4 %	2,488,900
Sri Lanka	21,283,913,	1,776,900	8.3 %	0.2 %	973,720





FB: What do we think? Pros: Allows you to stay connected with friends you otherwise wouldn't be able to Meet new people Find old friends Cons: Privacy issues Potential for misuse Overall: Social networking sites are a good thing if used

carefully



E-learning

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What is LMS?



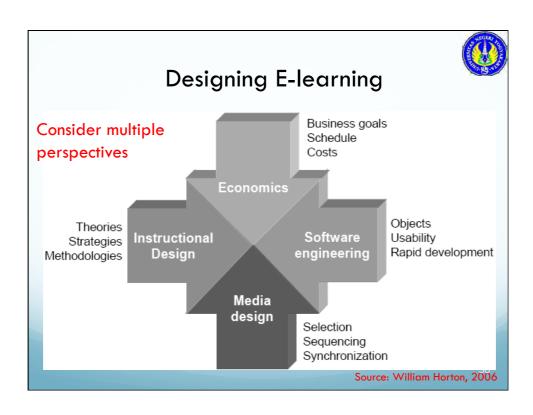
Learning Management System is a web-based package software that enables

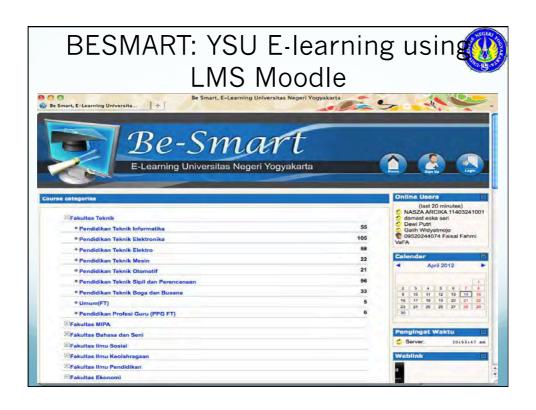
- the management of learning experience
- delivery of learning content and resources to students
- allows tracking of e-learning courses and content.
- assessment tools (quiz and assignment)
- communication tools
- content creation tools
- collaboration tools

What is E-learning



- The use of electronic technologies to deliver aspects of the learning experience.
- The use of information and computer technologies to create learning experiences.
- Using new technology to provide exciting, flexible, more effective learning experiences.









Features of BESMART YSU



- One portal for all
- Dissemination to all
- Basic and advanced Menu
- User administration tools
- Documentations
- Videoconference module

Advantages of e-learning (1)



- Students can work in their own time, in their own space and at their own pace.
- All materials remain online, so students can refer, re-read, redo as necessary.
- Materials may be reusable in other courses or other parts of the same course.
- Links to online resources (websites, databases, libraries, e-journals) are direct and easy to create.
- Collaboration is easy to set up and easy for students to use.

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Advantages of e-learning (2)



- Some exciting learning tools (eg blogs, wikis) only exist online.
- Materials can make use of technologies already familiar to students (eg, Skype, blogs, social networking)
- Some types of assessment are easier online (eg peer assessment).
- Students can submit work in various online formats.
- Some students find participation in discussions, activities etc easier online than face-to-face.



Disadvantages

- May require more time, effort and money to create.
- Authors may need to learn new styles, skills.
- Technical problems may hinder content creation and/or use.
- Online assessment requires particular care (plagiarism).

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Challenges

- Limited computer resources
- Low-level of Internet access
- Limited bandwidth of access
- Weak computer network infrastructure
- Limited knowledge to develop online course
- Apathy to change, resistance to change
- Lack of motivation or incentive



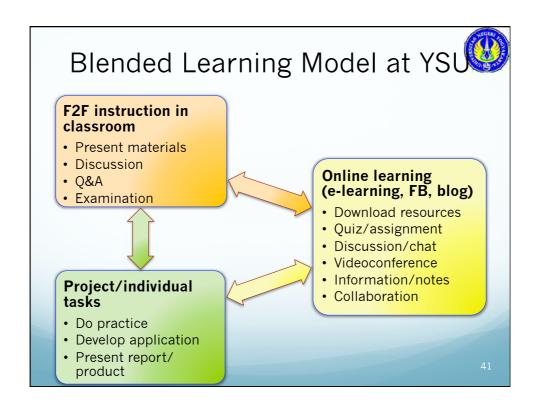
Blended Learning

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Blended Learning



- Combination of online learning and traditional classrooms.
- Online learning:
 - E-learning: learning materials, quiz/assignments, discussions, chat, videoconferences.
 - Social network apps:
 - Facebook: information, group discussions, notes
 - Blogs: resources



Why blended learning?



- Teachers will not replace the F2F instruction with the online learning, but complement or overcome short comings of F2F instruction.
- Provide an effective way to communicate with students.
- Easy to share resources.
- Provide flexibility for teachers and students.
- Offer higher level of interaction among students and teachers.
- → Hopefully can improve student learning outcomes

F2F Vs. Online



- Traditional:
 - Attendance
 - Tutor/teacher available on site
 - Lectures, tutorials, laboratory sessions
 - Specified times
 - Specified place
 - Specified pace

- Online:
 - Work almost anywhere
 - Need self-discipline and self-motivation
 - eResources text, multimedia
 - Flexible time
 - Flexible place
 - Flexible pace

		Med
	Online	F2F
Announcement	E-learning Email FB	Flyer Mail Phone
Overview session	email Webinar Videoconference	Traditional classroom
Self-paced learning	Web-based tutorial e-books Blog Simulations	Articles Books Job-aids On-the-job training
Query resolution	email Blog Instant messenger	Face-to-face meeting

	Online	F2F	
Demonstration	Web meeting Simulations	Traditional classroom	
Practice	Simulations Virtual lab	Workbook Assignment Project	
Feedback	email FB Blog	Face-to-face meeting Print report	
Closing session	email Webinar	Traditional classroom	



Benefits of Blended Learning

- Can provide learning to meet everyone's work schedule.
- Using innovative scheduling, more students can be accommodated when lab space is at a premium.
- Web based leaning appeals to many of today's learners.
- The exact same lecture material can be presented to students which promotes consistency.

Problems of implementing blended learning at YSU The blended learning F2F instruction in classroom model has been used · Present materials Discussion only by a few lecturers Online learning (e-learning, FB, blog) • Q&A • Examination at YSU, because: Download resources Quiz/assignment • there is no rule Discussion/chat Videoconference requiring it Information/notes Project/individual Collaboration No time to try Do practice Develop application online learning · Present report/ product · No incentive to use online learning Resistance to use new technology

